



LUDWIG-
MAXIMILIANS-
UNIVERSITÄT
MÜNCHEN

MUNICH INTERNATIONAL
SUMMER UNIVERSITY



MUNICH **MISU** LMU
INTERNATIONAL SUMMER
UNIVERSITY

European Studies Winter School

Munich and Vienna

'Identity Politics in Europe: Competing
Identities and Conflict in the EU and its
Neighbourhood'

SCHEDULE

January 3 – 21, 2023

www.european-study.eu



Key dates

Travel arrangements & class dates

Arrival in Munich: 2 January

Sessions in Munich: 3 – 6 January

Departure to Vienna: 7 January

Sessions in Vienna: 9 – 21 January

Departure from Vienna: 22 January

We will travel between cities by train.

German Language Classes

Students will be offered 20 contact hours of German Language classes in total. Twelve contact hours will be offered online *before* the program starts while the other eight contact hours will take place in-presence during participants' stay in Munich.

Online German Language classes:

28 November - 16 December 2022, Mon. – Fri. from 8.00 to 9.30 am (Munich time; UTC+1h)

Zoom link for the online live sessions and learning material will be sent to participants by email on 1 December 2022.

In-person German Language classes:

9 – 12 January 2022, Mon. – Fri. 2.00 – 3.30 pm (Munich time; UTC+1h)

Head Coordinator and Lecturer

Dr. Stefan Jagdhuber

Research Fellow

Chair of Political Systems and European Integration

Geschwister-Scholl-Institute of Political Science

Ludwig-Maximilians-University Munich



Dr. Stefan Jagdhuber is the EU Studies Head Coordinator for the Munich International Summer University (MISU) at LMU Munich and a Researcher Fellow at the Chair of International Relations at the LMU Munich. His research focus is on theories of International Relations and European Integration that he uses to analyze the EU's performance on the international scene as well as the integration trajectory of policies belonging to the EU's Area of Freedom, Security and Justice. His last publications are in the top academic journals on the European Union, the Journal of European Public Policy and West European Politics, and the bilingual journal *Politique Européenne*:

(2019): 'Political (non-)reform in the euro crisis and the refugee crisis: a liberal intergovernmentalist explanation', *Journal of European Public Policy* 26 (2): 246-266 (together with Felix Biermann, Nina Guérin, Berthold Rittberger and Moritz Weiss).

(2020): 'Unexplored Variation in European Integration Research: Mapping and Discussing Vertical Differentiation in the EU's Area of Freedom, Security and Justice, *Politique Européenne* 67-68: 54-82.

(2020): "'Flexible Union" statt "Ever Closer Union": Die EU, der Brexit und differenzierte Integration', in Andreas Grimm (Ed.) *Die neue Europäische Union*, Baden-Baden, NOMOS: 183-207 (together with Berthold Rittberger).

(2021): 'Take it and leave it! A postfunctionalist bargaining approach to the Brexit negotiations', *West European Politics* (together with Felix Biermann).

(2021): *Sharing Sovereignty in the EU's Area of Freedom, Security and Justice: The Integration Trajectories of Judicial Cooperation and Migration Policies in the European Union*. OLMS Verlag and University Library Munich (free copy available online).

Dr. Stefan Jagdhuber studied political science at the Ludwig-Maximilians-University Munich and attended several academic workshops and conferences in the United Kingdom, the USA, Italy and Belgium.

Munich

Arrival: 2 January

MISU staff will meet participants in the Hotel lobby at 7 pm.

Time	9.30 a.m. – 11.00 a.m.	11.30 a.m. – 1.00 p.m.
Tue, 3	Modern history of Germany This session addresses Modern German history from the WW I until German reunification with a focus on the Nazi era in Germany. Moreover, we will analyse how the Nazi past had and still has an impact today on the German political system and society. 2.00 p.m. – 3.30 p.m. Guided City Tour through Munich	
Wed, 4	Parliamentarism in Germany This session will offer concepts and theories to describe and analyse parliamentarism in Germany. We will discuss the structure of the two parliamentary chambers in the German political system and take a closer look at the German party system and the electoral mechanism.	
Thu, 5	European integration during the Cold War This session will assess the political development of the integration process from the 1950s until the Treaty of Maastricht (1993). We will trace the European integration process in in the wider historical context of the Cold War. Why did European integration deepen and why did several European states apply for EU membership?	
Fri, 6	National holiday (Epiphany) We recommend participants to use this long weekend for a trip to Berlin. Please see some site recommendations below.	
Sat, 7		
Sun, 8		

We recommend participants to further their knowledge on German and European history by visiting the following historical sites and museums in Berlin:

- sites that are dedicated to remind citizens of the crimes and cruelties of World War II, the Holocaust and the Nazi era in Germany: “Topography of Terror”; “Memorial to the Murdered Jews of Europe”; “German Resistance Memorial Center”
- sites related to the Cold War era, the division of Germany and Europe: “Haus am Checkpoint Charlie Museum”; “Gedenkstätte Berlin-Hohenschönhausen”

Time	9.30 a.m. – 11.00 a.m.	11.30 a.m. – 1.00 p.m.	2.00 p.m. – 3.30 p.m.
Mon, 9	The EU's institutional structure after Lisbon The Treaty of Lisbon has been the latest reform of the EU's institutional structure. In this session we will analyze the functioning of the European institutions after assess their effectiveness and problem solving capacities.		German Class
Tue, 10	Europeanization of national Political systems Based on the preceding session, we will discuss in how far European integration impacted on national political systems. Moreover, we will discuss in how far European measures have led to converging rules and policies among the Member States.	Methodology and Academic Writing In this special session we will discuss possible topics for the essay. In addition, we will look at the requirements of academic working, the structuring of papers and presentations as well as issues like literature and internet research etc.	German Class
Wed, 11	Single Market and EMU This session will discuss two of the major economic projects of the European integration: the creation of the single market and the Monetary Union. Both are central elements of Europe's political architecture and have a tremendous impact on economic activities in Europe	Recovering from the Euro crisis After years of banking- and sovereign-debt crisis the financial markets seem to regain confidence in the Eurozone. In this session we will discuss the EU's management of the Euro crisis and analyze how it has changed the political, economic and social balance of the EU.	German Class
Thu, 12	The EU's Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (AFSJ) The EU's AFSJ covers migration policies, judicial cooperation and police cooperation. We will trace the development of this policy area within the EU with a focus on the EU's counterterrorism policy.	The EU's migration crisis On the one hand we will describe the events and developments during the ongoing migration crisis. On the other hand we will discuss how effective and legitimate the EU's migration policies have been.	German Class exam
Fri, 13	Public Opinion and the Rise of Populist Movements Formerly, governments of EU Member States enjoyed considerable discretion when fleshing out European measures. In this session we discuss recent literature that stresses the 'end of the permissive consensus' and emphasizes the increasing role of public opinion in European matters.	Brexit: The United Kingdom and the EU Britain has always had a special relationship with the EU. This session will assess how membership in the EU has influenced the political system of the UK and where Britain has left its mark on the EU. Lastly, we will analyse the UK's decision to leave the EU.	
Sat, 14	Day trip to Nuremberg or Salzburg (dependent on weather forecast)		
Sun, 15	Departure to Vienna by train		

Vienna

Arrival: 15 January

Sessions: 16 – 21 January

Departure: 22 January

Session will take place at: tba

Time	9.30 a.m. – 11.00 a.m.	11.30 a.m. – 1.00 p.m.
Mon, 16	<p>Political Culture and the question of a European Identity</p> <p>Whereas the preceding session already highlighted the influence of public opinion on European matters, this session will put this development in a larger theoretical context. In how far do national identities converge and in how far can we even observe a truly 'European identity'?</p>	<p>A Europe of the regions?</p> <p>In some of Europe's member states political autonomy and cultural identity are traditionally linked to the region. On EU level this is taken into account with the concept of "A Europe of the Regions" as well as the principle of subsidiarity. This session will discuss what role the regions actually play in European politics.</p>
Tue, 17	<p>The EU's Common Foreign and Security Policy (CFSP) and the Ukraine crisis</p> <p>In the 1970s, the EC Member States started to coordinate national foreign policies in the framework of EPC. Since the 1990s the development of the CFSP has become one of the most outstanding features of the European integration process. Integration proceeded in light of new security challenges and violent conflicts in the EU's neighbourhood. We will trace this integration process and focus in particular on the war on Ukraine and how the EU is reacting to warfare on the European continent.</p>	
Wed, 18	<p>Looking West: Transatlantic relations and EU-NATO relations</p> <p>After the end of the Cold War and especially due to establishment of the CFSP and CSDP, the EU's relations with the US as well as NATO experienced important changes. In this session the US and NATO dimension will be discussed as well as the prospects and challenges for transatlantic relationships in the future.</p>	
Thu, 19	<p>Looking far East: Sino-European relations</p> <p>With its 'One Belt, One Road' Initiative, the People's Republic of China formulates the ambition to extend its influence well beyond Asia. Recent initiatives clearly show China's eagerness to intensify ties with certain European states, such as the 16+1 framework between China and 16 Eastern European states. Some EU member states and the EU as such show increasing skepticism towards China's strategy and hence adopted the EU's 'Global Gateway' initiative in return. In this session, we will trace Sino-European relations and analyse current state of affairs between these politics.</p>	
Fri, 20	<p>Europe's Future: Challenges and perspectives</p> <p>Europe faces many political, economic and societal challenges. In this session, we will sum up our previous findings and discuss in how far we can forecast the EU's future. Is the EU constantly 'failing forward' and further integration a 'necessity' or do has the EU reached a 'constitutional equilibrium'?</p>	
Sa, 21	<p>Students' group presentations</p>	